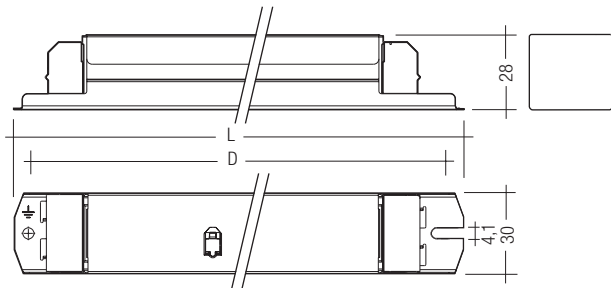


Electronic ballasts for dimming to 1 %
Linear lamps

PCA ECO 18–58 W 220–240 V 50/60/0 Hz, dimmable



- dimming range from 1–100 %
- lamp start at 1 % possible
- lamp friendly warm start within 0.6 s with AC and DC
- switch via the mains or with digital control signal
- dimming which is comfortable to the eye
- disturbance free precise control with a digital signal (DSI) or switchDIM
- integrated SMART interface
- fully electronic lamp management and digital communication with ASIC and μ C

- constant light output independent of fluctuating supply voltage
- DC operation in emergency lighting installations to VDE 0108
- safe shutdown of defective lamps
- safe shutdown of lamps at end of life (rectifying effect)
- automatic restart after lamp replacement
- operating frequency ~40–100 kHz

Packaging:
box of 10
58 boxes/pallet
580 pieces/pallet

Certified:
EN 55015
EN 55022
EN 60929
EN 61000-3-2
EN 61347-2-3
EN 61547
in accordance
with VDE 0108

Lamp		Ballast										
watt-age W	length	type number	article L mm	length centres D mm	fixing kg	weight power W ②	circuit power W ②	lamp at 230V/50Hz A ②	current at 230V/50Hz	λ °C	tc point range ① °C	temperature
18	590	PCA 1/18 ECO	22085406	360	350	0.32	20.8	16	0.1	0.93	65	-25 → +60
2x18	590	PCA 2/18 ECO	22085415	360	350	0.36	39.6	2x16	0.18	0.96	75	-25 → +60
30	900	PCA 1/30 ECO	22086116	360	350	0.32	30.1	25	0.135	0.96	80	-25 → +60
2x30	900	PCA 2/30 ECO	22086122	360	350	0.36	58	2x25	0.26	0.98	75	-25 → +60
36	1200	PCA 1/36 ECO	22085421	360	350	0.32	36.5	32	0.165	0.97	70	-25 → +60
2x36	1200	PCA 2/36 ECO	22085437	360	350	0.36	70.4	2x32	0.305	0.98	80	-25 → +60
38	1200	PCA 1/38 ECO	22087002	360	350	0.32	37.3	32	0.170	0.98	70	-25 → +60
2x38	1200	PCA 2/38 ECO	22087011	360	350	0.36	71.1	2x32	0.315	0.99	75	-25 → +60
58	1500	PCA 1/58 ECO	22085443	360	350	0.32	56	50	0.25	0.98	75	-25 → +60
2x58	1500	PCA 2/58 ECO	22084837	360	350	0.36	111	100	0.49	0.98	75	-25 → +50

① dimming to 1 % between 0 °C to t_a max.

② valid at 100 % light output

Lamp starting characteristics:

Warm start
Starting time 0.6 s with AC
Starting time 0.6 s with DC
Start at any dimming level

AC operation:

Mains voltage
220–240 V 50/60 Hz
198–264 V 50/60 Hz including safety
tolerance ($\pm 10\%$)
202–254 V 50/60 Hz including performance
tolerance (+6 % / -8 %)

DC operation:

220–240 V 0 Hz
198–280 V 0 Hz certain lamp start
176–280 V 0 Hz operating range
Use in emergency lighting installations
according to VDE 0108 or for emergency
luminaires according to EN 61347-2-3 appendix J.

Temperature range:

Dimming range 100 % to 1 % from 0 °C to
maximum permissible ambient temperature t_a .
100 % operation from -25 °C to maximum
permissible ambient temperature t_a .

Mains currents in DC operation:

Ballast Type	Mains current at $U_n = 220$ VDC	Mains current at $U_n = 240$ VDC
PCA 1/18 ECO 220–240V 50/60/0Hz	0.08 A	0.07 A
PCA 1/30 ECO 220–240V 50/60/0Hz	0.11 A	0.10 A
PCA 1/36 ECO 220–240V 50/60/0Hz	0.14 A	0.13 A
PCA 1/38 ECO 220–240V 50/60/0Hz	0.14 A	0.13 A
PCA 1/58 ECO 220–240V 50/60/0Hz	0.22 A	0.20 A
PCA 2/18 ECO 220–240V 50/60/0Hz	0.14 A	0.13 A
PCA 2/30 ECO 220–240V 50/60/0Hz	0.21 A	0.19 A
PCA 2/36 ECO 220–240V 50/60/0Hz	0.25 A	0.23 A
PCA 2/38 ECO 220–240V 50/60/0Hz	0.26 A	0.23 A
PCA 2/58 ECO 220–240V 50/60/0Hz	0.42 A	0.38 A

Light output level in DC operation:

Default value is 70 %
In DC operation dimming is not possible

Ballast lumen factor AC operation (AC-BLF) EN 60929 8.1:

Ballast Type	AC-BLF at $U_n = 230$ VAC
PCA 1/18 ECO 220–240V 50/60/0Hz	1.01
PCA 1/30 ECO 220–240V 50/60/0Hz	1.00
PCA 1/36 ECO 220–240V 50/60/0Hz	0.99
PCA 1/38 ECO 220–240V 50/60/0Hz	1.07
PCA 1/58 ECO 220–240V 50/60/0Hz	1.00
PCA 2/18 ECO 220–240V 50/60/0Hz	1.00
PCA 2/30 ECO 220–240V 50/60/0Hz	0.99
PCA 2/36 ECO 220–240V 50/60/0Hz	1.00
PCA 2/38 ECO 220–240V 50/60/0Hz	1.00
PCA 2/58 ECO 220–240V 50/60/0Hz	0.99

The ballast lumen factor for AC operation (AC-BLF) does not alter from $U_n = 198$ VAC to $U_n = 254$ VAC.

The ballast lumen factor for DC operation (DC-BLF) on the basis of an automatic power reduction of the ballasts (default value is 70 %) will be smaller than AC. It does not alter in the DC operating range (198–280 VDC).

Harmonic distortion in the mains supply (at 220 V/50 Hz):

Ballast Type	THD	3	5	7	9	11
PCA 1/18 ECO 220–240V 50/60/0Hz	13.9	13.2	3.7	2.2	1.4	1.1
PCA 1/30 ECO 220–240V 50/60/0Hz	11.7	10.2	3.6	2.2	1.5	1.1
PCA 1/36 ECO 220–240V 50/60/0Hz	8.7	8.3	2.2	1.4	1.0	0.7
PCA 1/38 ECO 220–240V 50/60/0Hz	9.3	8.6	2.9	1.8	1.2	0.9
PCA 1/58 ECO 220–240V 50/60/0Hz	8.3	7.5	3.0	1.8	1.2	0.8
PCA 2/18 ECO 220–240V 50/60/0Hz	8.4	7.9	2.2	1.9	1.7	1.6
PCA 2/30 ECO 220–240V 50/60/0Hz	8.9	8.3	2.7	1.8	1.3	1.1
PCA 2/36 ECO 220–240V 50/60/0Hz	6.2	5.8	1.9	1.2	0.9	0.7
PCA 2/38 ECO 220–240V 50/60/0Hz	7.5	6.8	2.5	1.7	1.3	1.0
PCA 2/58 ECO 220–240V 50/60/0Hz	6.6	5.9	2.4	1.6	1.2	0.8

Dimming:

Dimming range 1 % to 100 %
Digital control with DSI signal:
8 bit Manchester Code
Maximum speed 1 % to 100 % in 1.4 s
Dimming curve that is friendly to the eye.

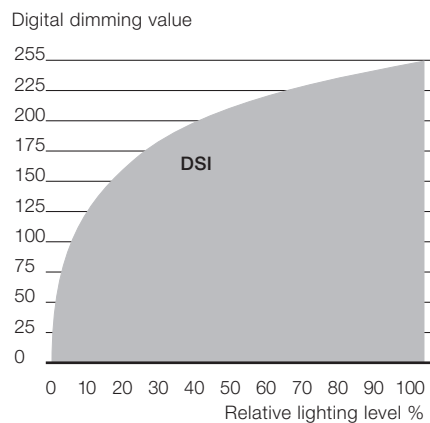
Control input (D1, D2):

Digital DSI signal or switchDIM can be wired on the same terminals (D1 and D2).

Digital signal DSI:

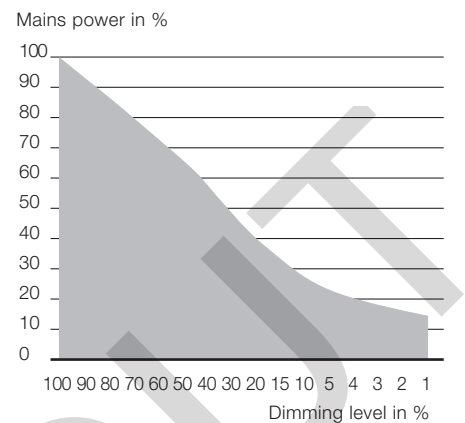
The control input is non-polar and protected against accidental connection with a mains voltage up to 264 V. The control signal is not SELV. Control cable should be installed in accordance to the requirements of low voltage installations.
Different functions depending on each DSI module.

Dimming characteristics PCA ECO



■ Dimming characteristics as seen by the human eye

Energy Savings PCA ECO



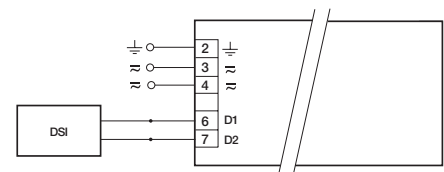
SMART interface:

An additional interface for the direct connection of the SMART-LS light sensor. The sensor registers actual ambient light and maintains the individually defined lux level.
After every mains reset the SMART interface automatically checks for an installed sensor. With the sensor installed the PCA ECO automatically runs in the constant lux level mode.
ON/OFF-Switch via mains, switchDIM or DSI signal.
DSI signal = 0 switches off,
DSI signal ≥ 1 switches on.
Dimming with a DSI signal with the SMART-LS installed is not possible.
switchDIM enables a temporary change of light level.
The installation of the two wire bus is according to the appropriate low voltage regulations.

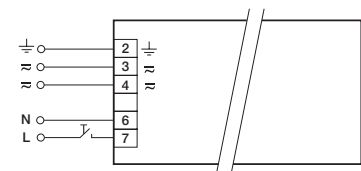
switchDIM:

Integrated switchDIM function allows a direct connection of a push to make switch for dimming and switching.
Brief push (< 0.6 s) switches ballast ON and OFF. The ballasts switch-ON at light level set at switch-OFF (Not in case of reset after mainsfailure – start at 100 %).
When the push to make switch is held, PCA ballasts are dimmed. After repush the PCA is dimmed in the opposite direction.
In installations with PCAs with different dimming levels or opposite dimming directions (e.g. after a system extension), all PCAs can be synchronized to 50 % dimming level by a 10 s push.
Use of push to make switch with indicator lamp is not permitted.
switchDIM is a very simple tool for controlling ballasts with conventional momentary-action switches or motion sensors.
To ensure correct operation a sinusoidal mains voltage with a frequency of 50 Hz or 60 Hz is required at the control input.

Special attention must be paid to achieving clear zero crossings.
Serious mains faults may impair the operation of switchDIM.



DSI PCA ECO



switchDIM PCA ECO

Loading of automatic circuit breakers:

Automatic circuit breaker type	C10	C13	C16	C20	B10	B13	B16	B20
Installation Ø	1.5 mm ²	1.5 mm ²	1.5 mm ²	2.5 mm ²	1.5 mm ²	1.5 mm ²	1.5 mm ²	2.5 mm ²
PCA 1/18 ECO	30	50	76	80	15	25	38	40
PCA 1/30 ECO	30	50	70	76	15	25	35	38
PCA 1/36 ECO	30	50	70	76	15	25	35	38
PCA 1/38 ECO	30	50	70	76	15	25	35	38
PCA 1/58 ECO	20	30	40	46	10	15	20	23
PCA 2/18 ECO	20	30	40	46	10	15	20	23
PCA 2/30 ECO	10	20	30	30	5	10	15	15
PCA 2/36 ECO	10	20	30	30	5	10	15	15
PCA 2/38 ECO	10	20	30	30	5	10	15	15
PCA 2/58 ECO	10	20	30	30	5	10	15	15

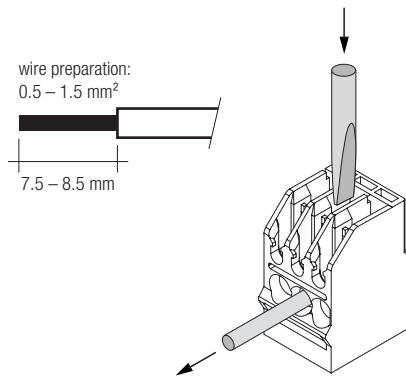
**Electronic ballasts for dimming to 1 %
Linear lamps**

Installation instructions:

Wiring type and cross section:

The wiring can be solid cable with a cross section of 0.5 to 1.5 mm² for push terminal and 0.5 mm² for concut terminal. For the push-wire connection you have to strip the insulation (7.5–8.5 mm).

U_{out} = 250 V 250



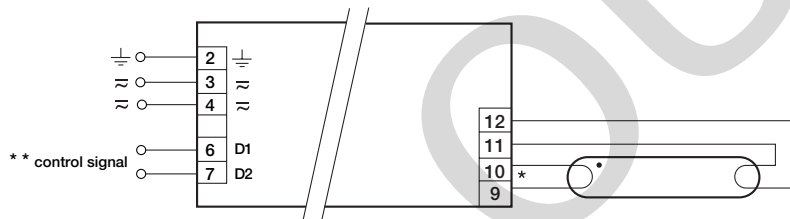
Wiring advice:

The lead length is dependent on the capacitance of the cable.

Ballast Type	Terminal		Maximum capacitance allowed	
	Cold	Hot	Cold	Hot
PCA 1/xx ECO	11, 12	9, 10	200 pF	100 pF
PCA 2/xx ECO	11, 12, 13, 14	9, 10, 15, 16	200 pF	100 pF

With standard solid wire 0.5/0.75 mm² the capacitance of the lead is 30–80 pF/m. This value is influenced by the way the wiring is made.

Lamp connection should be made with symmetrical wiring. Hot leads (9, 10, 15, 16) and cold leads (11, 12, 13, 14) should be separated as much as possible.

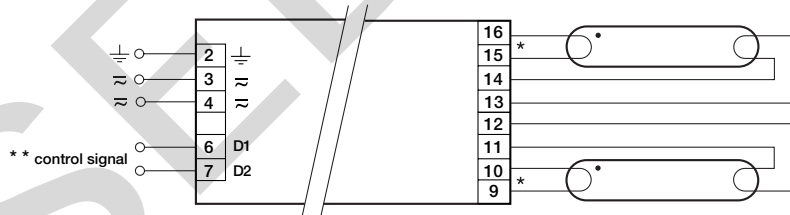


* leads 9, 10: keep wires short, max. 1.0 m
leads 11, 12: max. 2.0 m; ballast must be earthed
** digital signal (DSI) or switchDIM

RFI:

- Connection to the lamps of the hot leads must be kept as short as possible
- Mains leads should be kept apart from lamp leads (ideally 5–10 cm distance)
- Do not run mains leads adjacent to the electronic ballast
- Twist the lamp leads
- Keep the distance of lamp leads from the metal work as large as possible
- Ballast must be earthed
- Mains wiring to be twisted when through wiring
- Keep the mains leads inside the luminaire as short as possible

PCA ECO 18–58 W



* leads 9, 10, 15, 16: keep wires short, max. 1.0 m
leads 11, 12, 13, 14: max. 2.0 m; ballast must be earthed
** digital signal (DSI) or switchDIM

PCA ECO 2x18–2x58 W

Important advise:

- When using two or more dimmable ballasts in one luminaire with separate dimming controls, the lamp leads must be kept separate
- All lamps must have the same length lead